Elbow Trauma Rehabilitation Protocol

Includes post ORIF, or conservatively managed trauma when active ROM indicated

N.B. For terrible triads, or ORIF + ligament reconstruction, please also refer to ligament repair protocols. Protection of the ligament repair is essential.

Pre-operatively on the ward	 Discuss post-operative rehab' Discuss location for rehab', if not WWL, offer Wrightington whilst the patient awaits a local appointment Explain the importance of early rehab' and stiffness prevention For Wrightington appointments, hand a referral to reception/telephone reception to make an appointment for with 1 week of discharge. The patient should be discharged home with an arranged appointment Discuss the importance of regular exercise to avoid stiffness – hourly exercises
Post-operatively on the ward Aim: D/C home independent with exercises Patient to have an awareness of the risk of stiffness	 Advise bandages to be taken down at 48 hours Hand and wrist exercises Forearm rotation, elbow at 90 in contact with trunk Overhead elbow extension in supine, with shoulder at 90 degrees flexion, upper arm supported to isolate movement to elbow. Discuss the importance of the supine position *** Commence CKC flexion/extension slides on the table Encourage gentle hourly exercises throughout the day to prevent stiffness
Week 1 Out-Patient Physiotherapy Aim: Prevent stiffness Prioritise extension Regain normal movement patterns Prevent compensatory patterns	 Manage hand oedema; active hand, wrist and finger exercises Manage/massage scar Use exercise as a form of pain management Continue to exercise little and often – hourly Continue with overhead extension in supine, shoulder at 90 degrees and forearm rotation CKC functional exercises avoiding biceps/brachialis recruitment, promoting extension, and utilising the full kinetic chain Isometric anconeus exercises in different parts of range Facilitate proprioception, prevent compensatory patterns and gain an awareness of when the elbow is/is not moving eg tactile or mirror feedback
Progress when ✓ Tissue/fracture healing allows ✓ >100 degree arc of flexion-extension ✓ Extension is <20 degrees ✓ No compensatory pattern ✓ Normal biceps and brachialis tone	 Continue and progress functional pattern exercises, incorporating the kinetic chain Continue to encourage extension Add in load as able/as fracture healing allows, eg use light bands to push into extension, and relax into flexion Progress anconeus exercises using band Commence and progress weight bearing exercises

Progress when	Full strengthening return to work/sport rehab' programme
√ Tissue/fracture healing	
allows	
√ Functional arc AROM	
✓ Extension <15 degrees	

Sling	For comfort – unless specified
	6 weeks if LCL or MCL repair included
Physiotherapy	Within 1 weeks PO
Follow Up	

Milestones		
100 degrees arc of movement	8 Weeks	
Near Full AROM	12 Weeks	
Driving	When ROM and strength restored	
Light/Sedentary Work	6 weeks	
Heavy/Manual Work	12 weeks	
Sport	Dependent on sport	

Specific Instructions

Avoid stretching or overpressure throughout rehab'

*** Overhead extension must not be performed if a triceps approach has been used surgically

Key points for patients with lateral ligament repairs

- Sling 6 weeks
- Avoid supination in elbow extension for 6 weeks
- Avoid varus stress position eg shoulder abduction for 12 weeks
- No weight-bearing through upper limb until 12 weeks

Key points for patients with medial ligament repairs

- Sling 6 weeks
- Avoid pronation in elbow extension for 6 weeks
- Avoid valgus stress position eg overhead throw position for 12 weeks

If not achieving extension – discuss with specialist physiotherapist

Patient Specific Instructions